IN THE MATTER OF:

932-936 86th Avenue

Oakland, CA 94621

American Chrome Engineering, Inc.

Assessor's Parcel No.

Lawrence Paul Graham

Lois J. Peach, Trustee of

The Peach Revocable Trust

Charles K. Peach, Trustee of

RESPONDENTS

the Peach Revocable Trust)

the Peach Revocable Trust)

JURISDICTION AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

42-4283-20 & 21

Charles K. Peach

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

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of the Peach Revocable Trust; and The Peach Revocable Trust

(collectively referred to as the "Respondents" and individually referred to as a "Respondent"), pursuant to the authority vested

in the President of the United States by Section 106(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability

Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L.

date to Charles K. Peach; Lawrence Paul Graham; Lois J. Peach,

Trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust; Charles K. Peach, Trustee

99-499 ("CERCLA"), delegated to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("U.S. EPA") by Executive

This Administrative Order ("Order") is issued on this

Order No. 12580, January 23, 1987, 52 Federal Register 2923,

Order No. 96-02

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 106(a) OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a)

 further delegated to the EPA Regional Administrators by U.S. EPA Delegation Nos. 14-14-A and 14-14-B, and further redelegated to the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division by Region IX Delegations 1290.41 and 1290.42.

- B. The State of California has been notified of the issuance of this Order as required by Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a).
- C. This Order requires the Respondents to undertake and complete removal activities to abate an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health and welfare or the environment that may be presented by the actual or threatened release of hazardous substances at the American Chrome Engineering, Inc. facility, 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, CA, 94621, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21 (the "Site").

II. FINDINGS OF FACT

Based on available information, including the Administrative Record file in this matter, U.S. EPA hereby finds:

A. Site Location and Characteristics

- 1. The American Chrome Engineering Plating Shop is a defunct electroplating facility that operated from approximately 1977 through early 1995 at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda County, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21. The Site is situated in a mixed light industrial, commercial, and residential neighborhood. Residences are located immediately adjacent to and behind the Site.
- 2. The Site includes a one-story, brick-face, cinder block building with a wooden roof (the "plating shop"). The plating shop inside is divided into a main work area and a

plating area. The plating area has numerous containers of various sizes. On or about August 22, 1995, the total estimated volume of hazardous or potentially hazardous waste solutions is 2,500 gallons. There were approximately 50 vats at the Site at the time of the assessment. Approximately 10 vats showed corrosion and approximately 20 additional vats were in poor condition. The wooden flooring planks exhibited weakened integrity. The building (35' by 100') is bordered by a side yard (15' by 100') to the east. This yard has approximately 20 - 30 containers. These containers appear to be in fair condition, but are still of concern because the company is no longer in business, the storage is in violation of fire codes, and the building security is poor. The other side yard located to the west contains various debris.

3. The Site is currently surrounded by a wooden and a chain link fence. However, the fence is in various stages of disrepair and may not adequately impede trespassers. In addition, the building is easily accessible through various openings in outside walls of the structure.

B. Respondents

- 1. Charles K. Peach, owned the property located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21 as an individual from 1977 until 1991, and since 1991 has held it as trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust.
- 2. Lois J. Peach, owned the property located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21 as an individual from 1977 until 1991,

and since 1991 has held it as trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust.

- 3. Since 1991, the Peach Revocable Trust has held title to the property located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21.
- 4. Lawrence Paul Graham, is president of American Chrome Engineering, Inc. located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21.
- 5. Charles K. Peach, is an operator of American Chrome Engineering, Inc. located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21.
- 6. Charles K. Peach, as trustee of the Peach
 Revocable Trust and operator of American Chrome Engineering,
 Inc., Lois J. Peach, as trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust, the
 Peach Revocable Trust, and Lawrence Paul Graham, as president of
 American Chrome Engineering, Inc. are all referred to herein as
 Respondents.

C. Incident/Release Characteristics/Prior Enforcement

- 1. At the request of the City of Oakland Fire Department, Hazardous Materials Management Program and City of Oakland Fire Department, Hazardous Materials Investigator, Steve Craford, on or about August 22, 1995, the U.S. EPA Technical Assistance Team ("TAT") conducted an assessment of the Site ("Site Assessment").
 - The Site Assessment noted that the conditions at

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the facility posed a potential threat to public health, welfare or the environment. Of particular concern, is the potential for a release involving corrosive and/or heavy metal contaminated plating solutions or other plating chemicals to the environment. Poor security at the Site increases the possibility of direct human contact.

- At the time of the Site Assessment, investigators encountered approximately 2,500 gallons of hazardous or potentially hazardous liquids and sludges as well as other contaminated debris.
- A total of six samples were collected for possible enforcement use from the materials encountered on the site. Three of the samples were found to have a pH of less than one, a fourth was found to have a cyanide concentration of 48,000 mg/L.
- On August 22, 1995, Stephen Craford advised Mr. Charles Peach and Mr. L. Paul Graham of his concerns and of the need to immediately comply with the applicable Fire Codes with respect to hazardous chemical storage.
- The City of Oakland elected to retain the lead agency at Site provided Mr. Charles Peach and Mr. L. Paul Graham voluntarily and promptly complied with the directions of Stephen Craford. On September 8, 1995, because Mr. Charles Peach and Mr. L. Paul Graham had not complied with his directions, Mr. Craford requested that U.S. EPA immediately assume lead agency status at the Site.
- On September 12, 1995, U.S. EPA issued a CERCLA 7. Section 107(a) Notice of Liability to Mr. Charles K. Peach, as an operator of American Chrome Engineering, Inc. Among other

things, the Notice required that Mr. Peach prepare and submit a detailed Work Plan and Schedule of Activities that would result in the completion of all remediation activities by November 17, 1995. To date, Mr. Peach has not complied with the CERCLA Section 107(a) Notice of Liability. Lois J. Peach, as Trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust, Charles K. Peach, as trustee of the Peach Revocable Trust, and L. Paul Graham, as president of American Chrome Engineering, Inc. receive CERCLA Section 107(a) Notice of Liability by way of this order.

D. Ouantities and Types of Substances Present

- Assessment, the U.S. EPA Region 9 TAT estimates that there are approximately 2,500 gallons of hazardous or potentially hazardous liquids and sludges currently stored at the Site. The materials encountered are believed to be typical for a plating operation of this type. Laboratory HazCat analysis of samples collected during the assessment confirm the presence of cyanide at a concentration of 48,000 mg/L and strong acids with a pH of less than 1. High concentration of heavy metals such as chromium and cadmium are also expected.
- 2. The chemical containers were not properly labeled and had not been properly segregated or secured. At least one container labeled "Cr" (chromium) was found to contain cyanide. When a metal salt of Cyanide mixes with any acid, such as Chromic Acid, it forms Hydrocyanic Gas (HCN) which is Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) at 50 ppm.
- 3. The vats in the plating area showed evidence of deterioration due to corrosion. The raised flooring in the vat

area had deteriorated.

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4. A 2500 square foot paved, outside storage area to the east of the building was used for miscellaneous equipment as well as for the storage of 20-30 chemical containers.

E. Threats to Public Health and Welfare

- 1. The substances of concern are cyanide solids, caustics, as yet unidentified strong acids and oxidizing acids and numerous heavy metal salts. Although not fully characterized at this time, it is reasonable to expect that the following hazardous substances will be encountered. These materials are believed to be typical for a plating operation of this type:
- a. Nitric acid is a corrosive material which can burn the skin, eyes and respiratory tract upon direct contact or inhalation of vapors. It can cause acute pulmonary edema or chronic pulmonary diseases from inhalation. When heated or reacted with water, it produces toxic and corrosive fumes.
- b. Hydrochloric acid is a strong corrosive which can burn the skin, eyes and mucous membranes upon dermal contact. It is also moderately irritating to the respiratory tract when inhaled. Hydrochloric acid produces toxic and corrosive fumes when exposed to water.
- c. Chromic acid is corrosive to metals and tissue. It can react with combustible materials and the heat of reaction may be sufficient to result in ignition of the combustible materials. A fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases.
- d. Cyanides, such as sodium cyanide and copper cyanide in the liquid or solid form and hydrogen cyanide in the

gaseous form, are poisons. Exposure to cyanides may be fatal if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Cyanides and strong acids are incompatible materials. Should cyanides come into contact with a strong acid, like nitric or hydrochloric acid, a release of hydrogen cyanide would occur. Releases of hydrogen cyanide gas would be life-threatening. Mixtures of cyanides and strong oxidizers, such as nitric and hydrochloric acids, present both fire and explosion hazards.

- e. Chromium is a suspected OSHA human carcinogen. Chronic exposure to chromate dust may cause bronchogenic carcinoma. Chromium is a poison and, when ingested, causes gastrointestinal effects.
- f. Nickel dust or fume is a respiratory irritant that with chronic exposure may cause nasal or lung cancer in humans. The average latency period for the induction of cancer appears to be 25 years. Acute exposure to nickel fumes or copper dusts can cause upper respiratory tract irritation, metal fume fever, nausea, vomiting and abdominal pains.
- 2. The substances listed is subparagraph 1 above, are hazardous substances as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(14)

III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- A. Based on the foregoing FINDINGS OF FACT and the Administrative Record file supporting this removal action, U.S. EPA has concluded that:
- 1. The American Chrome Engineering Plating Shop site, located at 932-936 86th Avenue, Oakland, Alameda county, California, Assessor's Parcel No. 42-4283-20 & 21, is a

"facility" as defined by Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(9).

- 2. Each named Respondent is a "person" as defined by Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(21).
- 3. Each Respondent is either an "owner" or an "operator" of the Site as defined by Section 101(20) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(20). Each Respondent is therefore a liable person under Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607.
- 4. The substances of concern described in the FINDINGS OF FACT (Section II) above included "hazardous substances" as defined by Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(14).
- 5. The conditions described in the FINDINGS OF FACTS (Section II) above, constitute an actual or threatened "release" as that term is defined in Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601(22).

IV. DETERMINATIONS

- A. Based on the above FINDINGS OF FACT and CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division, U.S. EPA Region IX, has made the following determinations:
- 1. The actual or threatened release of hazardous substances from the Facility may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare, or the environment.
- 2. The actions required by this Order, if properly performed, are consistent with the National Contingency Plan ("NCP"), 40 CFR Part 300 and CERCLA; and are appropriate to

protect the public health, welfare, or the environment.

- 3. Conditions present at the Site constitute a threat to public health or welfare or the environment based upon consideration of the factors set forth in Section 30.415(b) of the NCP. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Actual or potential exposure to hazardous substances by nearby populations, animals, or food chain.

The presence of both acids and cyanide together at this Site represents a substantial risk of fire and release of highly toxic and potentially lethal fumes on-Site and into the surrounding neighborhood including personal residences.

b. Actual or potential contamination of drinking water supplies.

No contamination of a drinking water supply has yet been identified. Subsurface investigation is conducted after the completion of the surface cleanup. The possibility that the floor of the facility and the internal drainage system within the facility are severely contaminated and the significant possibility that there has been a long-term ongoing release of heavy metal contaminated waste-water to the soil beneath the facility creates the possibility that any such soil contamination would be a potential source of contamination for groundwater which may supply drinking water wells.

c. Hazardous substances or pollutants or contaminants in drums, barrels, tanks, or other bulk storage containers, that may pose a threat of release.

As described in Section II (FINDINGS OF FACTS) above, the plating vats are in poor condition. If left in their current

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Notice of Intent to Comply

condition, all of the these containers pose a substantial threat of release.

> d. Availability of other appropriate Federal or State or Local response mechanisms to the

The City of Oakland Fire Department, Hazardous Materials Investigator, Steve Craford has continued to provide liaison support between U.S. EPA and the various City Offices that are involved. Continued liaison support from the City of Oakland is anticipated. No additional federal or State response mechanisms are available to respond to this Site.

У. ORDER

Based upon the foregoing FINDINGS OF FACTS, CONCLUSIONS A. OF LAW, and DETERMINATIONS, and pursuant to Section 106(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(a), it is hereby Ordered that the Respondents undertake the following actions under the direction of U.S. EPA's On-Scene Coordinator.

Effective Date

- The Effective Date of this Order shall be the date of signature by the Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division.
- Except where this Order specifically provides otherwise, its obligations shall be effective three (3) calendar days following the Effective Date of this Order unless a conference is requested as provided below. If a conference is requested, this Order shall be effective on the third (3) calendar day following the day of the conference unless modified in writing by U.S. EPA.

the Order, the Respondents shall provide notice, verbally or in writing, to U.S. EPA stating their irrevocable intention to comply with the terms of this Order. Verbal notification must be followed in writing within three (3) calendar days after receipt of the Order. In the event any Respondent fails to provide such notice, that Respondent shall be deemed not to have complied with the terms of this Order.

Within forty eight (48) hours after the receipt of

Work to Be Performed

- 4. Upon receipt of this Order, the Respondents shall provide twenty-four (24) hour security at the Site which meets with U.S. EPA approval.
- 5. The Respondents shall immediately restrict access to the Site and shall not allow any materials, equipment, or any other item to be removed from the Site without prior U.S. EPA approval.
- Date of this Order, the Respondents shall submit to U.S. EPA for approval, a Work Plan for the removal activities set forth in Paragraphs 10 and 11 below. The Work Plan shall provide a concise description of the activities to be conducted to comply with the requirements of this Order, and shall include a proposed schedule for implementing and completing the activities. The Work Plan shall be reviewed by U.S. EPA, which may approve, disapprove, require revisions to, or modify the Work Plan. The Respondents shall implement the Work Plan as finally approved by U.S. EPA. Once approved, the Work Plan shall be deemed to be incorporated into and made a fully enforceable part of this

Order.

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7. The Work Plan shall contain a site safety and health plan, a transportation and disposal plan, and a schedule of the work to be performed. The site safety and health plan shall be prepared in accordance with EPA's Standard Operating Safety Guide, dated November, 1984, and updated July, 1988, and with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations applicable to Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response, 29 CFR Part 120.

- 8. The Respondents shall retain an environmental contractor qualified to undertake and complete the requirements of this Order, and shall notify U.S. EPA of the name of such contractor within three (3) days of the receipt of this Order. U.S. EPA retains the right to disapprove of any, or all, of the contractors and/or subcontractors retained by the Respondents. In the event U.S. EPA disapproves of a selected contractor, the Respondents shall retain a different contractor to perform the work, and such selection shall be made within two (2) business days following U.S. EPA's disapproval.
- 9. Within three (3) calendar days after U.S. EPA approval of the Work Plan, the Respondents shall commence implementation of the Work Plan as approved or modified by U.S. EPA. Failure of any Respondent to properly implement all aspects of the Work Plan shall be deemed to be a violation of the terms of this Order.
- 10. The Work Plan shall require the Respondents to perform, and complete within thirty (30) calendar days after approval, at a minimum, the following removal activities:

 g. Remove grossly contaminated equipment, structures and debris for proper disposal. Decontaminate

- a. Post signs indicating the site contains hazardous materials and substances.
- b. Sample and characterize all containerized materials and any other potentially hazardous materials present at the Site.
- c. Perform air monitoring and sampling in accordance with OSHA requirements during all phases of the removal action, whenever there is a potential for airborne releases of toxic air contaminants. Operational controls such as dust contaminant and/or suppression should be used to abate fugitive dust emissions.
- d. Remove non-hazardous equipment and debris to provide adequate space for response operations.
- e. Obtain the services of a state-licensed hazardous waste hauler for transportation and disposal of waste material.
- f. Prepare all hazardous substances for proper transportation for disposal, or where feasible, alternative treatment or reuse/recycle options; and conduct all such transportation, disposal, treatment, or reuse/recycling activities to an EPA-approved facility. The above may include bulking of compatibles, direct shipment for reuse, recontainerization of materials into Department of Transportation specification containers, lab packing small quantities, solidifications of liquid wastes, and neutralization or other on-site treatment of wastes.

structures to non-hazardous levels and minimize the volume of hazardous wastes. This may include the partial, or even total, demolition of the building in order to permit access to areas of contamination.

- h. Submit copies of hazardous wastes manifests, other than those relating to transport and disposal of contaminated soil, to EPA.
- 11. Furthermore, the Work Plan shall require the Respondents to perform, and complete within sixty (60) calendar days after approval, at a minimum, the following removal activities:
- a. Conduct surface and subsurface soil sampling to determine the nature of the contamination.
- b. Dispose of or stabilize contaminated soils found on or near the surface.
- c. Submit copies of hazardous wastes manifests, related to transport and disposal of contaminated soil, to U.S. EPA.
- 12. Respondents shall inform EPA at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to commencement of on-Site work.
- 13. All sampling and analysis shall be consistent with the "Quality Assurance/Quality Control Guidance for Removal Activities": "Sampling QA/QC Plan and Data Validation Procedures," EPA OSWER Directive 9360.4-01, dated April, 1990.

Compliance With Other Laws

14. Respondents shall perform all actions required pursuant to this Order in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations except as provided in

Section 121(e) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9621(e), and Section 300.415(i) of the NCP. In Accordance with Section 300.415(i), all on-Site actions required pursuant to this Order shall, to the extent practicable, as determined by EPA, considering the exigencies of the situation, attain applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements ("ARARS") under federal environmental, state environmental or facility siting laws.

15. Any hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant transferred off-Site as a result of this Order must be taken to facility acceptable under the EPA Off-Site Rule, 40 C.F.R. § 300.440, in accordance with Section 121(d)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9621(d)(3).

Project Coordinators

- Respondents shall designate a Project Coordinator. To the greatest extent possible, the Project Coordinator shall be present on site or readily available during site work. The U.S. EPA has designated William E. Lewis as its On-Scene Coordinator. The On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this Order. To the maximum extent possible, communication between the Respondents and the U.S. EPA, and all documents, reports, and all other correspondence concerning the activities relevant to this Order, shall be directed through the On-Scene Coordinator and the Project Coordinator.
- 17. The U.S. EPA and the Respondents shall each have the right to change their respective designated On-Scene

 Coordinator or Project Coordinator. U.S. EPA shall notify the

 Respondents, and Respondents shall notify U.S. EPA, as early as possible before such a change is made, but in no case less then 24 hours before such a change. Notification may initially be verbal, but shall promptly be reduced to writing.

- 18. The U.S. EPA On-Scene Coordinator shall have the authority vested in an On-Scene Coordinator by the NCP, 40 CFR Part 300, as amended, including the authority to halt, conduct, or direct any work required by this Order, or to direct any other response action undertaken by U.S. EPA or the Respondents.
- 19. All instructions by the U.S. EPA On-Scene Coordinator or his designated alternate shall be binding upon the Respondents as long as those instructions are not clearly inconsistent with the National Contingency Plan.
- 20. The provisions of this Order and the directions of the On-Scene Coordinator shall be binding on the employees, agents, successors, and assigns of the Respondents.

Extensions

21. No extensions to the above time frames shall be granted without sufficient cause. All extensions must be requested in writing, and shall not be deemed accepted unless approved in writing, by U.S. EPA.

Reporting and Record Retention

- 22. The Respondents shall provide EPA with written weekly summary reports. These reports should contain a summary of the previous week's activities and up-coming activities.
- 23. The Respondents shall submit a final report summarizing the actions taken to comply with this Order. The report shall contain, at a minimum: identification of the

facility, a description of the locations and types of hazardous 1 2 substances encountered at the facility upon the initiation of work performed under this Order, a chronology and description of 3 the actions performed, a discussion of how all problems were 4 5 resolved, a listing of quantities and types of materials removed 6 from the facility, a discussion of removal and disposal options considered for any such materials, a listing of the ultimate 7 8 destination of those materials, and a presentation of the 9 analytical results of all sampling and analysis performed and accompanying appendices containing all relevant paperwork ' 10 11 prepared during the action (e.g., manifests, invoices, bills, contracts, permits). The final report shall also include the 12 total cleanup costs incurred for all removal activities and an 13 affidavit from a person who supervised or directed the 14 The affidavit shall certify under preparation of that report. 15 penalty of law that based on personal knowledge and appropriate 16 inquiries of all other persons involved in preparation of the 17 report, the information submitted is true, accurate, and complete 18 to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief. The report 19 shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of completion of the 20 work required by this Order. 21 22 The Respondents shall retain copies of all records

24. The Respondents shall retain copies of all records and files relating to hazardous substances found on the site for six (6) years following completion of the activities required by this Order and shall make them available to the U.S. EPA prior to the termination of the removal activities under this Order.

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25. All notices, reports, and requests for extensions submitted under the terms of this Order shall be sent by

certified mail, return receipt requested, and addressed to the following:

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27 28 one copy to: William E. Lewis

On-Scene Coordinator (H-8-3)

U.S. EPA

75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

(415)744-2329

one copy to: Mark Klaiman

Assistant Regional Counsel (RC-3-1)

U.S. EPA

75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

(415) 744-1374

VI. ACCESS

A. To the extent that the Site, or other areas where work under this Order is to be performed is owned by, or in possession of, someone other than the Respondents, the Respondents shall obtain all necessary access agreements. For the purposes of this subsection, "best efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, the payment of money in consideration of access and granting indemnification to the owner of such property for damages or losses resulting to such property caused by Respondents' Site related activities. Such agreements shall provide access for U.S. EPA, its contractors, agents and consultants for the purposes set forth in subsection VI.C. below.

B. In the event that after using their best efforts any Respondent is unable to obtain such agreements, the Respondent shall immediately notify U.S. EPA. Such notification shall include the names of all persons contacted in order to procure access, copies of all correspondence regarding access, and the amount of money offered in consideration of access and the terms of any offered indemnification. Failure to provide such

information shall be deemed a failure to utilize "best efforts" to obtain access.

C. The Respondents shall provide access to the Site to U.S. EPA employees, contractors, agents, and consultants at reasonable times, and shall permit such persons to be present and move freely in the area in order to conduct inspections, including taking photographs and videotapes of the Site, to do cleanup/stabilization work, to take samples, to monitor the work under this Order, and to conduct other activities which the U.S. EPA determines to be necessary.

VII. ACCESS TO ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD FILE

The Administrative Record file supporting the selection of the response action for this site is available for review on normal business days between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. in the Office of Regional Counsel, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, 16th Floor, San Francisco, California. If additional information becomes available, EPA will revise the Administrative Record to reflect such material. To review the Administrative Record contact Mark Klaiman at (415) 744-1374. A draft Index to the Administrative Record file is enclosed with the Order.

VIII.OPPORTUNITY TO CONFER

A. With respect to the actions required above, the Respondents may within three (3) calendar days after Effective Date of this Order, request a conference with the U.S. EPA. Any such conference shall be held within three (3) calendar days from the date of request unless extended by mutual agreement of the parties. At any conference held pursuant to the request, the

Respondents may appear in person, or by telephone, or be represented by an attorney or other representative. If any Respondent desires such a conference, the Respondent shall contact Mark Klaiman, Assistant Regional Counsel, at (415) 744-1374.

- B. If such a conference is held, the Respondents may present any evidence, arguments or comment regarding this Order, its applicability, any factual determinations upon which the Order is based, the appropriateness of any action which the Respondents are ordered to take, or any other relevant and material issue. Any such evidence, arguments or comments should be reduced to writing and submitted to U.S. EPA within three (3) calendar days following the conference. If no conference is requested, any such evidence, arguments or comments must be submitted in writing within three (3) calendar days following the Effective Date of this Order.
- C. The Respondents are hereby notified that U.S. EPA will take any action which may be necessary in the determination of U.S. EPA for the protection of public health and welfare and the environment, and Respondents may be liable under Section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607(a), for all past and future costs of these government actions.

IX. ENDANGERMENT DURING IMPLEMENTATION

A. If any incident, or change in Site conditions, during the actions conducted pursuant to this Order causes or threatens to cause an additional release of hazardous substances from the Site or an endangerment to the public health, welfare or the environment, the Respondents shall immediately take all

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 appropriate action. Respondents shall take these actions in accordance with all applicable provisions of this Order, including the health and safety plan, and shall immediately notify the OSC of the incident or Site conditions.

B. The Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division, EPA Region IX, may determine that acts or circumstances (whether related to or unrelated to this Order) may endanger human health, welfare, or the environment, and as a result of this determination, may order the Respondents to stop further implementation of this Order until the endangerment is abated.

X. OTHER CLAIMS

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent U.S. EPA from seeking legal or equitable relief to enforce the terms of this Order, or from taking other legal or equitable action as it deems appropriate and necessary, or from requiring the Respondents in the future to perform additional activities pursuant to CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9601, et seq., or any other applicable law.

XI. PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

The Respondents are advised pursuant to Section 106(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9606(b), that willful violation or subsequent failure or refusal to comply with this Order, or any portion thereof, may subject each noncomplying Respondents to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each day in which such violation occurs, or such failure to comply continues. Failure to comply with this Order, or any portion thereof, without sufficient cause may also subject the Respondents to liability for punitive damages in an amount three times the amount of any

cost incurred by the government as a result of the failure of the Respondents to take proper action, pursuant to Section 107(c)(3) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9607(c)(3).

XII. SEVERABILITY

If any provision of this Order is deemed invalid or unenforceable, the balance of this Order shall remain in full force and effect

XIII. GOVERNMENT NOT LIABLE

 The United States Government and its employees and other representatives shall not be liable for any injuries or damages to persons or property resulting from the acts or omissions of the Respondents, their employees, contractors, or other representatives caused by carrying out this Order. The United States Government is not a party to any contract with the Respondents.

THIS ORDER IS ISSUED on this 10th day of OCTOBER, 1995.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

By: Keith Take

Keith Takata, Deputy Director Hazardous Waste Management Division

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region IX

Enclosure: Index to the Administrative Record cc: California Department of Toxic Substances

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX

75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

AMERICAN CHROME Superfund Removal Site Oakland, California ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD FILE 10/06/95

DATE yy/mm/dd	AUTHOR	ADDRESSEE	SUBJECT
95/09/28	William Lewis Environmental Protection Agency - Reg 9		Memo: Documentation of on-scene initiation of removal action for site
95/10/04	Peter Lawrence Ecology & Environment	William Lewis Environmental Protection Agency - Reg 9	Contractor rpt